GLOBAL JUSTICE VIS - AVIS CYBER TERRORISM: ANALYZING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE BUDAPEST CONVENTION IN INDIA

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ABSTRACT

In this age of the Information Revolution, the virtual platform provides mankind with opportunities to connect communicate with the entire world with just a click of a finger. Therefore, developmental activities and economic transactions and criminal activities such as cyber terrorism can be committed with that much ease. This article discusses the nature and peculiar characteristics of cyber-terrorist attacks. The present study approaches the concept Cyber Terrorism as a phenomenon. Based on the evidence from around the world, such as 9/11 attack in USA, blasting of NATO Computers in 1999, shutting down of Ukrain's power grid 2015, it is clear to the authors that cyber terrorism has become the 'new language of war'. For this reason, the researchers argue for the need of an extradition treaty with other nations to facilitate cooperation among the countries and provide mutual assistance to combat cyber-crimes. In the light of this objective, the researchers have analysed various provisions of the Convention on Cyber Crime, commonly known as "Budapest Convention on Cyber Crime" with particular emphasis on Articles 24 and 25 that deals with the Extradition clause and Foreign Investigation procedures for cyber-crimes. The article also provides suggestions to curb cyber terrorism. The purpose of the study is to contribute to controlling and eliminating the threat of cyber terrorism from India through a practical and strict legal framework.

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